## EDUKLDIN TUEE PKESSUKLE EKNUEES





## JIS **B7505**

### **Application**

These standards apply to a round concentric single-needle gauge, such as the pressure, vacuum and compound gauges, which measures gauge pressures by directly indicating the quantity of displacement transferred from a Bourdon tube and mechanically magnified.

### **Pressure Units**

Name	Symbol	JIS	Remarks
Megapascal	MPa	0	
Kilopascal	kPa	0	Option
Bar	bar	×	

### Pressure range and scale graduation

#### Note

- Gauge of 0.6 and 1.0 precision classes and in sizes 75 and smaller are not available.
- Available pressure ranges may vary depending on gauge size.
- JIS-qualified gauges of 1.6 class and in sizes 60 to 200 have the same scale graduations.
- Non-JIS gauges in sizes 60 and 75 are available with graduations half those of the gauges listed on the table.

### **Pressure Gauges**

	o Gaagee				
	Size(mm)	150 • 200	100 • 150 • 200	60 • 75 • 100 • 150	
	Accuracy	0.6	1.0	1.6	JIS
	0 ~ 0.04	200	80	40	0
	0.05	100	5	0	×
	0.06	120	60		0
	0.07	140	.70	25	×
	0.1	100		0	
	0.16	160	80	: 2	
	0.2	100	100	4.0	
	0.25	125	7 5	0	/ 0_
	0.3	60		0	×
	0.35	175	70	35	×
	0.4	200	80	40	0
	0.5	100	5	0	×
	0.6	120	6	0	0
	0.7	140	70	35	×
	1	100	50		0
	1.6	160	80	32	0
	2	100	100	40	×
MPa	2.5	125	50		0
	3	150	6	60	
	3.5	175	70	35	
	4	200	80	.0	
	5	100	5	0	X
	6	120	6	0	0
	7	175	70	35	×
	10	100	5	0	0
	16	160	80	32	0
	20	100	100	40	×
	25	125	5	0	0
	30	60	6	0	×
	35	175	70	35	×
	40	200	80	40	0
	50	100	5	0	×
	60	120	6	0	0
	70	140	70	35	×
	100	_	5	0	0
1	200	_	4	.0	×

### Vacuum Gauges

	Size(mm)	150 • 200	100 • 150 • 200	100-150-200 60-75-100-150	
	Accuracy	0.6	1.0	1.6	JIS
	<b>−</b> 0.04 ~ 0	200	80	40	×
	<del>-</del> 0.05	100	50		×
MPa	- 0.06	120	60		X
	-0.07	70	3	5	×
	- 0.1	100	5	0	0

### Compound Gauges

1		Sizo(mm)	150 200	100 • 150 • 200	60 • 75 • 100 • 150	·200
		Accuracy	0.6	1.0	1.6	JIS
		— 0.1 ~ 0.1	100	100	40	
		0.15	_	5	0	×
		0.16	130	130 52		
		0.2	_	3	0	×
		0.25	175	70	35	
		0.3	_	4	0	×
		0.35	_	4	5	×
n I		70.4	100	5	0	
ш	MP	7.5	_ ( <del>-</del>		0	×
1	) WIT &	0.6	140	70	35	
1		9.7		4	0	×
		1	110	5	5	
		1.5	_	3	2	×
		1.6	85	85	34	
		2	_	4	2	×
		2.5	130	5	2	0
		3.5	_	3	5	×
L		4	_	82	41	

### Size, Kind, Symbol

Item	ltem Siz						100	150	200
Kind	Pressure gauge Vacuum gauge Compound gauge					000	000	000	000
	Application Application	Accuracy Grade	Ambient Temp	Symbol	0				
Application	Ordinary Type 0.6 (CL 0 1.0 (CL 1.6 (CL 1.6 (CL 2.5 (C		<b>−</b> 5 ~ 45°C		1 100		1001	000 -	000 -
	Ordinary Type for Steam Heat-Proof Type Vibration-Proof Type Vibration-Proof Type for Steam Heat Proof Vibration-Proof Type	1.6 (CL 1.5)	10 ~ 50°C -5 ~ 80°C -5 ~ 45°C 10 ~ 50°C -5 ~ 80°C	M H V MV HV	01001	01001	00000	00000	0 - - -
Extermal Shape	Stem Mounting Surface Mounting Flush Mounting			A B D	000	000	000	000	-00
Shape of Connection	Square Parallel Faced Hexagonal			T U S	00	00 -	000	- 00	-00

### **Model Coding**

### General pressure gauges

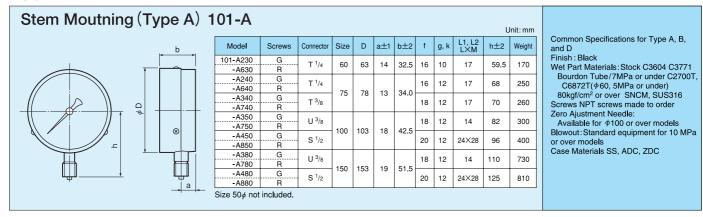
Model	101—				
Type of casing	A Type B Type D Type	A B D			
Connection screw	1/4 G 3/8 G 1/2 G 1/4 R 3/8 R 1/2 R Other		2 3 4 6 7 8 ×		
Size	60 75 100 150 200			3 4 5 8 9	
Material	BRASS SUS316				0

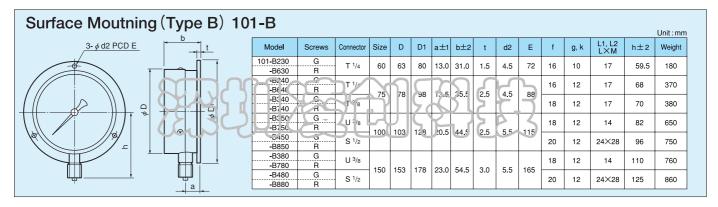
Note: SUS316 gauges in sizes 75 and up with 101-model coding are not available.

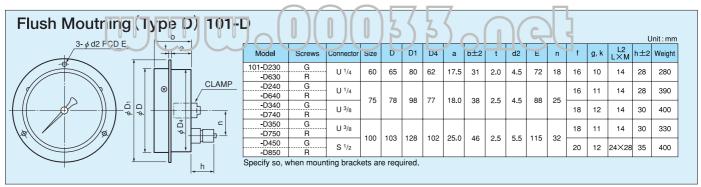
Closed pressure gauges in our Catalog No.1002 are recommended as alternatives.

## **Bourdon Tube Pressure Gauges**

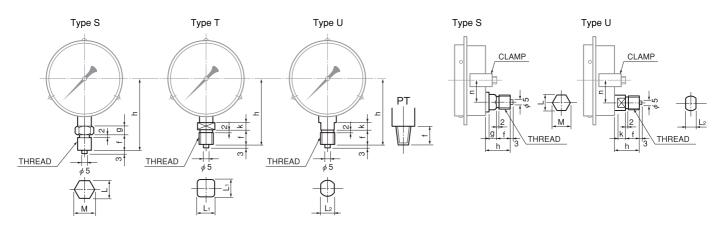
### **Appearance and Dimensions**







### Type of Shank



Remakes: Screw bores and fixtures are custom-made. NPT screws also available.

# How to Choose **Pressure Gauge Specifications**

Which pressure gauge to use will be determined first by the purpose of measurement; for the safety of a factory or for obtaining accurate data. They will also be chosen by the function; indication only or recording as well, or equipped with an electric contact for controlling systems.

Choose pressure gauges on the following conditions:

### 1. Application

Variation	Description
General Pressure Gauges	Most-widely-used, JIS-designated industrial gauges.
Differential Pressure Gauges	Indicate pressure differences at 2 points to measure flow rates and fluid levels.
Compound Pressure Gauges	2 pressure sensors and pointers show each value on the same indicator.
Pressure Gauges with Electric Contacts	Centrol systems; vary by contect method, capacity.
Pressure Gauges for Plants (incl. Medium-Sealed Type)	Measure // record pressures (fic procities trains and fulluids with high viscosity or femperature or pulsation prossure.
Recorders	Record time changes of pressure.
Pressure Transmitters	Send pressure values from the sensor to a remote indicator.

### 2. Environments

### 2-1. Pulsation, Vibration

Subject to strong pulsation or vibration, pressure gauges installed at pump of tlets or on vehicles often wear off in about a month, and the bounder tube broken very quickly. The gauges must have a damper or other shock-absorbing devices. JIS conditions that those gages have higher vibration resistance than other pressure gauges.

Our line includes steam and genelal-use vibrationproof gauges and heat- & vibrationproof gauges, all meeting JIS.

Even those JIS products are often insufficient for the places with severe vibration. We have devised the movement to provide pressure gauges with super-high vibration resistance. Yet, equip these gauges with a damper or, instead, use an oil-sealed super vibration proof gauge under still high pulsation pressures.

### 2-2. Fluids

Usually SU316 and, in rare instances, Monel are used to make corrosionproof Bourdon tubes. Diaphragm pressure gauges are recommended for measuring highly corrosive fluids; wet part materials are available to order.

### 2-2-1. Chlorine

Use diaphragm pressure gauges for measuring chlorine, as it combines with the moisture on brass and steel to produce hydrochloric acid which corrodes wet parts.

### 2-2-2. Acetylene

The gas parts of a gauge for acetylene measurement must not contain more than 60% of copper, for combined acetylene and copper produces explosive substances. (Our standard pressure gauges have safe gas parts.)

### 2-2-3. Viscous Fluids

For viscous fluid measurement, use diaphragm pressure gauges with a large inlet to prevent slicking and wrong reading.

### 2-2-4. Atmosphere

Use sealed gauges in the atmosphere containing dust, rain water, salt, ammonia, and/or corrosive gases. Choose case materials from plastic, stainless cteel, aluminum allitys and zing alloys to protect the case from corrosive gases.

### 2-2-5. Temperature

Temperature changes the elastic coefficient of a Bourdon tube made mostly with brass, phosphor bronze, or steel.

This, coupled with the expansion/contraction of inside parts, produces  $\pm$ 0.6 to 0.8% of reading error when ambient temperatures change  $\pm$ 0.2 deg.

JIS Class 1.6 gauges, except the heatproof version, are supposed to maintain designed accuracy in an ambient temperature range of 20+/-15 and Class 0.6 gauges,  $20+/-5^{\circ}$ C. Use heatproof gauges when the temperature is out of the above ranges. Insulate heat when installing the gauge near a boiler, or install it elsewhere. Operating temperature ranges for our pressure gauges are as follows:

Standard  $-5^{\circ}$ C to  $45^{\circ}$ C Heatproof  $-5^{\circ}$ C to  $80^{\circ}$ C Steam  $10^{\circ}$ C to  $50^{\circ}$ C

If fluid temperature exceeds 80°C, siphon or capillary tubes must be used.

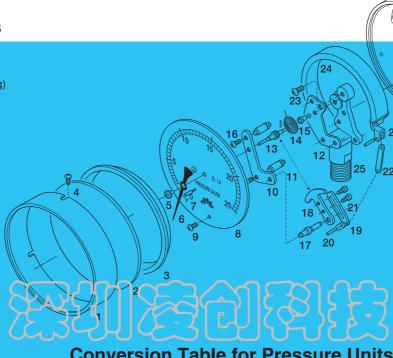
### 3. Working Pressures and Calibration

JIS B7505 specifies maximum operational pressures for pressure gauges, as follows:

Static Pressure 3/4 F.S. Fluctuating Pressure 2/3 F.S.

### **Component Names**

- 1. Other Frame (Bezel)
- 2. Glass
- 3. Transparent Plate (Spacer Ring)
- 4. Stop Screw (Bezel Screw)
- 5. Pointer Pin
- 6. Pointer
- 7. Pointer Stopper
- 8. Scale (Dial)
- 9. Dial Screw
- 10. Movement Upper Plate
- 11. Movement Pole
- 12. Lower Bearing Plate
- 13. Pinion
- 14. Hair Spring
- 15. Movement Bushing
- 16. Movement Screw
- 17. Sector Gear Shaft
- 18. Sector Gear
- 19. Adjuster 20. Rod Pin
- 21. Adjuster Screw
- 22. Rod
- 23. Movement Screw
- 24. Bourdon Tube
- 25. Stock
- 26. Tube end Plece
- 27. Case
- 28. Stem Screw
- 29. Back Plate
- 30. Back Plate Screw



### **Conversion Table for Pressure Units**

MPa	kgf/cm²	bar	atm	lb/in² kPa		Н	g	H₂O	(Aq)
IVIFA	Kgi/Cili	Dai	aun	10/111	NI a	m	in	m	ft
0.0981	1	0.9807	0.9678	14.22	98.07	0.7356	28.96	10.000	32.81
0.1	1.0197	1	0.9809	14.50	100.00	0.7501	29.53	10.197	33.43
0.1013	1.0332	1.0103	(1N ) t	14.70	101.32	0.7€0	29.32	10.33	33.90
ე.0069	0 0 703	0.0699	0.068)	P 1) P	6 894	(1.0517	2.036	0.703	2.03
0.0010	0.0102	0.0100	0.0099	ა.06აე	7 10 I	0.0075	0.2950	0.1020	0.3343
0.1233	1.3595	1.3332	1.3158	0.1451	133.32	1	39.37	13.6	44.60
0.0034	0.0345	0.0338	0.0334	19.34	3.383	0.0254	1	0.345	1.133
0.0098	0.1000	0.0981	0.0967	0.491	9.807	0.0735	2.896	1	3.281
0.0030	0.0305	0.0299	0.0295	1.422	2.991	0.0224	0.88	0.305	1

Specifications subject to change without notice.



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